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L8
     ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ΑN
     2001:179666 CAPLUS
DN
     134:224313
     Hydrogenation/hydrogenolysis of carbonyl compounds and
ΤI
     catalysts therefor
     Huber, Sylvia; Sprague, Michael Jolyon; Breitscheidel, Boris;
IN
     Wulff-doering, Joachim; Hesse, Michael; Pinkos, Rolf; Liang, Shelue;
     Kumberger, Otto; Walter, Marc
PΑ
     BASF AG, Germany
     Ger. Offen., 10 pp.
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                     KIND DATE
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                      A1
     DE 19942895
                            20010315
                                           DE 1999-19942895 19990908
PΙ
                     A1
                                           WO 2000-EP8195
     WO 2001017934
                            20010315
                                                            20000822
         W: JP, KR, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE
     EP 1218326
                                           EP 2000-960507
                            20020703
                                                            20000822
                       A1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
PRAI DE 1999-19942895 A
                           19990908
     WO 2000-EP8195
                            20000822
                      W
AΒ
     Carbonyl group-contg. org. compds. are hydrogenated and/or
     hydrogenolyzed by a procedure in which the org. compd. is brought in
     contact with a molded catalyst in the presence of hydrogen,
     whereby (a) an oxide is prepd. which contains copper
     oxide, zinc oxide, and alumina, (b)
     metallic Cu or powd. cement or a mixt. is added to the oxide,
     and (c) the mixt. of a and b is molded to provide the catalyst.
     Such catalysts have good mech. properties and are efficient.
     Examples for the prodn. of 1,6-hexanediol from di-Me adipate were given.
     ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
rac{1}{8}
ΑN
     1980:502065 CAPLUS
DN
     93:102065
TI
     Catalyst and its use in conversion reactions of carbon monoxide
     Sugier, Andre; Courty, Philippe; Freund, Edouard
ΙN
PA
     Societe Francaise des Produits pour Catalyse (PROCATALYSE), Fr.
SO
     Ger. Offen., 22 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                                                            DATE
                      ____
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PΙ
     DE 2946137
                      A1
                            19800604
                                           DE 1979-2946137
                                                            19791115
     DE 2946137
                      C2
                            19880630
     FR 2441420
                       A1
                            19800613
                                           FR 1978-32704
                                                            19781117
     FR 2441420
                      В1
                            19820108
     BE 879963
                      Α1
                            19800512
                                           BE 1979-9606
                                                            19791112
     ZA 7906125
                      Α
                            19801126
                                           ZA 1979-6125
                                                            19791114
     NL 7908369
                      Α
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                                           NL 1979-8369
                                                            19791115
     JP 55070347
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                            19800527
                                           JP 1979-149411
                                                            19791116
     JP 61037984
                      B4
                            19860827
     GB 2037176
                      Α
                            19800709
                                           GB 1979-39779
                                                            19791116
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GB 2037176 B2 19830106 US 4257920 19810324 US 1979-95007 19791116 PRAI FR 1978-32704 19781117 CuO-ZnO-rare earth oxide catalysts supported on Al2O3 cement are described. The Al203 cement contains CaO (or The catalyst may also contain a noble metal of Group The catalysts were used in hydrogenation of CO to MeOH and in the conversion reaction of CO with H2O vapor. cement used in the examples was Super-Secar-Laffarge which contains Al2O3 82%, CaO 17%, and smaller amts. of other oxides. The rare earth oxides used in examples were La2O3, Ce2O3, and Nd oxide-Pr oxide mixts. The noble metals were Pd, Rh, and Pt. L8ANSWER 3 OF 6 USPATFULL ΑN 2000:50877 USPATFULL ΤI Hydrogenation catalyst, process for preparing and process of using said catalyst Thakur, Deepak S., Solon, OH, United States ΙN Palka, Eugene, Parma, OH, United States Sullivan, Thomas I., Strongsville, OH, United States Nebesh, Eugene, Parma, OH, United States Roberts, Brian D., Cleveland Hts., OH, United States Engelhard Corporation, Iselin, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation) PΑ 20000425 PΙ US 6054627 US 1992-889557 ΑI 19920527 (7) Division of Ser. No. US 1991-703923, filed on 22 May 1991, now RLI patented, Pat. No. US 5134108 DT Utility FS Granted Primary Examiner: Cook, Rebecca EXNAM Keller, Raymond F. LREP CLMN Number of Claims: 30 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 753 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. Disclosed are catalysts in powdered form comprising a major AΒ amount of the oxides of a first metal selected from copper or zinc, a second metal selected from chromium, molybdenum, tungsten and vanadium, and optionally, a minor amount of the oxide of a promoter metal from the group consisting of manganese, barium, zinc, nickel, cobalt, cadmium, iron and any combination thereof provided that the promoter metal is not zinc if the first metal is zinc, wherein the average particle diameter of the powder is from about 6 to about 20 microns; and the particle surface area is from about 20 to about 70 m.sup.2 /q. Also disclosed is a process for preparing such catalysts and a process for hydrogenating aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and carboxylic acid esters with catalysts of the type described. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. ANSWER 4 OF 6 USPATFULL L8 AN 94:77891 USPATFULL ΤI Hydrogenation catalyst, process for preparing and process of using said catalyst

Thakur, Deepak S., Solon, OH, United States

IN

Roberts, Brian L., Solon, OH, United States Sullivan, Thomas J., Strongsville, OH, United States Vichek, Anita L., Mentor, OH, United States Engelhard Corporation, Iselin, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation) PA 19940906 PΙ US 5345005 US 1992-930123 AΙ 19920918 (7) Division of Ser. No. US 1991-680100, filed on 2 Apr 1991, now patented, RLI Pat. No. US 5155086 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-422624, filed on 17 Oct 1989, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-405983, filed on 12 Sep 1989, now abandoned DT Utility Granted FS EXNAM Primary Examiner: Evans, Joseph E. CLMN Number of Claims: 19 Exemplary Claim: 1 ECL DRWN 2 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 984 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. In one embodiment, the invention relates to a catalyst in powdered form which comprises a major amount of the oxides of copper and zinc, and a minor amount of aluminum oxide wherein the pore volume of pores of said catalysts having a diameter between about 120 and about 1000 .ANG. is at least about 40% of the total pore volume. In another embodiment, the invention relates to a process for preparing hydrogenation catalysts comprising the oxides of copper, zinc and aluminum which comprises the steps of

- (A) preparing a first aqueous solution containing at least one water-soluble copper salt and at least one water-soluble zinc salt;
- (B) preparing a second solution containing at least one water-soluble basic aluminum salt and at least one alkaline precipitating agent;
- (C) mixing the first and second solutions whereby an insoluble solid is formed;
- (D) recovering the insoluble solid.

The invention also relates to a process for hydrogenating aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and carboxylic acid esters with catalysts of the type described. Catalysts of the invention are useful in both fixed bed and slurry phase hydrogenation reactions.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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L8
     ANSWER 5 OF 6 USPATFULL
ΑN
       92:84844 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Hydrogenation catalyst, process for preparing and
       process of using said catalyst
       Thakur, Deepak S., Solon, OH, United States Roberts, Brian D., Solon, OH, United States
IN
       Sullivan, Thomas J., Strongsville, OH, United States
       Vichek, Anita L., Mentor, OH, United States
PA
       Engelhard Corporation, Iselin, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 5155086
                                   19921013
ΑI
       US 1991-680100
                                  19910402 (7)
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now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-405983, filed on 12 Sep 1989, now abandoned DT FS Granted EXNAM Primary Examiner: McFarlane, Anthony Renner, Otto, Boisselle & Sklar LREP Number of Claims: 28 CLMN ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,17 DRWN 2 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 1002 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. ΑĖ In one embodiment, the invention relates to a catalyst in powdered form which comprises a major amount of the oxides of

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-422624, filed on 17 Oct 1989,

powdered form which comprises a major amount of the oxides of copper and zinc, and a minor amount of aluminum oxide wherein the pore volume of pores of said catalysts having a diameter between about 120 and about 1000 .ANG. is at least about 40% of the total pore volume. In another embodiment, the invention relates to a process for preparing hydrogenation catalysts comprising the oxides of copper, zinc and aluminum which comprises the steps of

- (A) preparing a first aqueous solution containing at least one water-soluble copper salt and at least one water-soluble zinc salt;
- (B) preparing a second solution containing at least one water-soluble basic aluminum salt and at least one alkaline precipitating agent;
- (D) recovering the insoluble solid.

The invention also relates to a process for hydrogenating aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and carboxylic acid esters with catalysts of the type described. Catalysts of the invention are useful in both fixed bed and slurry phase hydrogenation reactions.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

RLI

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ANSWER 6 OF 6 USPATFULL
L8
ΑN
        92:61883 USPATFULL
TI
       Process for preparing catalyst with copper or zinc and with
       chromium, molybdenum, tungsten, or vanadium, and product thereof
       Thakur, Deepak S., Solon, OH, United States Palka, Eugene, Parma, OH, United States
IN
       Sullivan, Thomas J., Strongsville, OH, United States
       Nebesh, Eugene, Parma, OH, United States
       Roberts, Brian D., Cleveland Heights, OH, United States
PΑ
       Engelhard Corporation, Edison, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)
ΡI
       US 5134108
                                 19920728
       US 1991-703923
ΑI
                                 19910522 (7)
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Shine, W. J.; Assistant Examiner: McGinty, Douglas J.
       Renner, Otto, Boisselle & Sklar
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 32
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
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DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 742

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This hydrogenation catalyst comprises a major amount of the oxides of a first metal selected from copper or zinc, a second metal selected from chromium, molybdenum, tungsten and vanadium, and optionally, a minor amount of the oxide of a promoter metal selected from the group consisting of manganese, barium, zinc, nickel, cobalt, cadmium, iron and any combination thereof provided that the promotor metal is not zinc if the first metal is zinc. The average particle diameter of the powder is from about 6 to about 20 microns; and the particle surface area is from about 20 to about 70 m.sup.2 /g. The process for preparing this catalyst comprises the steps of

(A) simultaneously and adding to a first vessel, (1) a first aqueous solution comprising a copper or zinc salt; (2) a second aqueous solution

comprising a soluble base, provided that either the copper solution or the soluble base solution also contains a soluble salt of at least one second metal; or (3) a third aqueous solution comprising a soluble salt of at least one second metal is added simultaneously to the first

vessel

whereby an aqueous slurry of insoluble solid is formed in the first vessel, provided further that the second metal is chromium, molybdenum, tungsten, or vanadium;

- (B) advancing at least a portion of the aqueous slurry from the first vessel to a second vessel;
- (C) recovering the solids from the aqueous slurry in the second vessel; and $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$
- (D) calcining the recovered solids.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:51:00 ON 04 DEC 2002)

	FILE	'CAPLUS	3,	USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:51:32 ON 04 DEC	2002
L1		32194	3 (COPPER (P) ZINC (P) ALUMIN?	
L2		1182	5]	L1 AND CEMENT	
L3		395	3]	L2 AND CATALYST	
L4		82 3	3	L3 AND HYDROGENAT?	
L5		21 3	3]	L4 AND COPPER OXIDE	
L6		18 3	3]	L5 AND ZINC OXIDE	
L7		6 5	3]	L6 AND ALUMINUM OXIDE	
L8		6 :	3]	L7 AND CEMENT	
L9		2436	3]	PULVERULENT COPPER OR POWDER? COPPER	
L10		202	3]	L9 (P) ZINC (P) ALUMIN?	
L11		46 5	5]	L10 AND HYDROGENAT?	
L12		1 :	3]	L11 AND COPPER OXIDE	
L13		5 8	3]	L1 AND PULVERULENT COPPER	
L14		5 8	3]	L13 NOT L8	
L15		6 5	3]	L8 NOT L13	